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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/637,149	08/08/2003	Gerald E. McDonnell	STRSP0119US	3426
	7590 12/21/201 O BOISSELLE & SKI	EXAMINER		
1621 EUCLID	AVENUE	HORNING, MICHELLE S		
NINETEENTH FLOOR CLEVELAND, OH 44115			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1648	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/21/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/637,149	MCDONNELL ET A	L.
Examiner	Art Unit	

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on t	the cover sheet with the correspondence address
THE REPLY FILED 19 January 2010 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICA	ITION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the san this application, applicant must timely file one of the following repl places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of A a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 3 time periods:	ies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which ppeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3)
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of	the final rejection.
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).	SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension at under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	nd the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee I statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance we filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension the a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the AMENDMENTS	ereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior (a) They raise new issues that would require further considerati (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);	
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form appeal; and/or	for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a correspondent NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	onding number of finally rejected claims.
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable non-allowable claim(s).	if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will r how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided be The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:	
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1 and 31-75</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE</u>	
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficience was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was a constant.	e <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a as not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).
10. ☑ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	·
11. ☐ The request for reconsideration has been considered but does N See Continuation Sheet.	
12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (PTO/SE 13. Other:	3/08) Paper No(s)
	/BO PENG/
_ ' *	Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1648

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

In response to the rejection under 35 USC 112, 1st paragraph (scope of enablement), Applicant provides multiple US Patents, including US Patent Nos. 707152, 7129080, 7217685, 7393818 and 7803315, as support for the claimed invention being fully enabled. It is noted that the patents are not within the scope of the claimed subject matter and the patents do not provide any correlation between IFDO and prion proteins, such that the methods/conditions that would successfully inactivate IFDO would also successfully inactivate prions. It is noted here that the '080 patent provides "correlation studies" in order to establish a correlation between the response of test proteins with that of prions using methods/conditions KNOWN to be effective against prions (col. 11, Example 3). This correlation is not bidirectional and fails to establish that successful methods/conditions known to inactivate IFDO would also inactivate prions.

Applicant points to a recitation found in the Burdon reference (1996) for additional support of using IFDO as a prion model. However, this recitation is incomplete and fails to represent the teaching of the reference as a whole. Briefly, Burdon describes that IFDO utilizes lipoproteins for replication and compares this to TSE agents which uses apolipoprotein E (p. 14, col. 1). However, there is no teaching that supports using IFDO as a model for prion inactivation.

Applicant further points to Dyas (1990) for support of using IFDO as a prion model. Although Applicant did not provide the reference, the abstract merely makes the suggestion that IFDO can be used as a model for sterilization of items contaminated with CJA. Note that the abstract only describes various conditions for inactivating IFDO but not for the inactivation of prion proteins.

Applicant contends that the present application and the cited commonly-owned patents have established a correlation between an IFDO and a prion. However, in view of the above discussion, this is not found to be persuasive.

In response to the rejection under 35 USC 103, Applicant contends that the examples of the instant specification show an unexpected synergistic effect that overcomes any prima facie case. This argument is not clear, given such syngeristic effects are not relevant to inactivation of prion proteins and are only shown to occur in inactivating IFDO.

Applicant notes that claim 45 is directed to (in part) using at least one phenol with a Log Pc value of at least about 2.5 and points to Example 3 for correlating the partition coefficients with the results in log IFDO reduction. Applicant contends that there is no evidence that support that it would have been obvious to do what is claimed in claim 45. Note that the instant specification provides Log Pc values for various phenols, including for those found in the composition taught by Ernst and Race, such as, o-benzyl-p-chlorophenol. O-benzyl-p-chlorophenol has a Log Pc value of at least about 2.5 (Table 3 of the instant specification). A chemical and its properties are inseparable. Also see MPEP 2112.01 II. COMPOSITION CLAIMS-IF THE COMPOSITION IS PHYSICALLY THE SAME, IT MUST HAVE THE SAME PROPERTIES.

No argument is found persuasive.